

Characterization of Fiji ALD Film Quality and Conformality in High Aspect Ratio/Deep Etched Structures

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Introduction

Complex surface topographies consisting of high aspect ratios, sharp asperities, and nano-roughness significantly challenge the ability to conformally coat complex nanostructures using traditional physical vapor deposition (PVD) and chemical vapor deposition (CVD) techniques. However, atomic layer deposition (ALD) offers high-quality films with atomic level thickness control and unprecedented uniformity and conformality in the most demanding 3D nanostructures. Now the SNF possesses new Fiji systems which are capable of depositing various films with thermal and plasma ALD. Thermal ALD has better coverage over structures while plasma ALD has less dependence on substrate type. This work addresses how the Fiji ALD covers on high aspect ratio/deep etched structures and compares the performance of plasma/thermal methods and savannah/fiji machines.

Materials and Methods

We fabricated reentrant structures (i.e., deep trench with a spherical undercut at bottom) with high aspect ratio on $\langle 100 \rangle$ L prime Si wafers. The fabrication process is shown in Fig. 1. First, we thermally oxidized the wafers to thickness of 1.3 μm . Then we photolithographically patterned the holes with the diameter of 1 μm , 3 μm and 5 μm using ASML i-line stepper, and transferred the pattern through the SiO_2 layer using AMT etcher (Fig.1(a)). Next, we DRIEd the wafers on the order of 50 μm using the STS etcher 2 and performed 1 μm -thick sidewall oxidation to protect the etched trenches from the subsequent isotropic Si etch. The bottom oxides were removed by the AMT etcher (Fig.1(b)), and the sphere-like undercut structures were made using the Si isotropic etch recipe in the STS etch 2. We gave variation to samples by stripping remaining SiO_2 layer only for the half of the samples in 6:1 BOE solution. The sample variation is summarized in the Table 1. As a final step, various cycles of thermal/plasma ALD films such as Al_2O_3 , TiN, and Pt were deposited on the structures (Fig.1(c)).

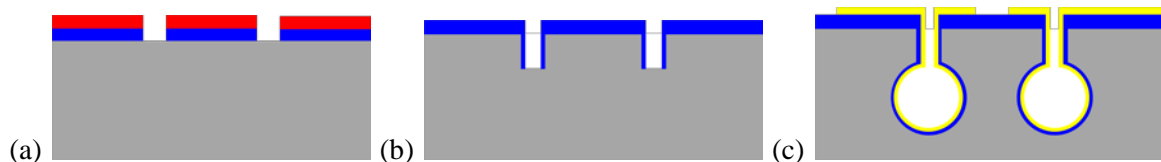


Figure 1: Test structure fabrication (a) thermal oxidation and pattern transfer to the SiO_2 hard mask using photolithography (b) 1st DRIE on the order of 50 μm followed by sidewall thermal oxidation and bottom oxide removal (c) Isotropic etch to create compliant termination and ALD coating (SiO_2 was removed from half of the samples before the ALD step)

| Hole Diameter (D) | 1 μm | 3 μm | 5 μm |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Depth(μm) | 32 μm | 44 μm | 50 μm |
| Aspect Ratio | 1:32 | 1:14 | 1:10 |

Table 1: Sample Variation

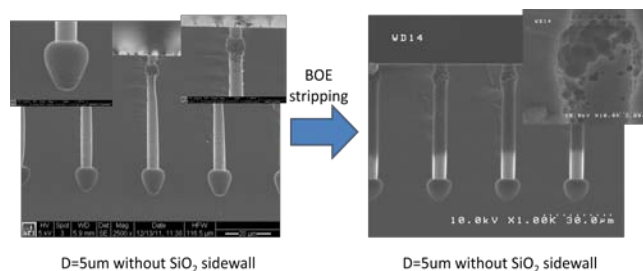


Figure 2: D=5 μm samples before ALD coating

The ALD films are usually too thin for us to observe its uniformity and conformality on the structures in SEM. Therefore, we used pinhole etch test where the ALD-coated structures went through XeF_2 etch for 10 cycles (30 seconds/cycle) (Fig.2). This method can indirectly check the coverage of the film on the structures because XeF_2 can leak into the Si substrate and isotropically etch them in the presence of pinholes in the film. The degree of the structural damages indicates how bad the uniformity of the film is. The crosssections of the cleaved samples were inspected using SEM. The samples without the sidewall oxidation can show how well the ALD covers the whole structures while the ones with the sidewall oxidation exclusively demonstrate the undercut coverage of ALD films because the sidewall protection from XeF_2 comes from both the existing SiO_2 layer and the ALD films.

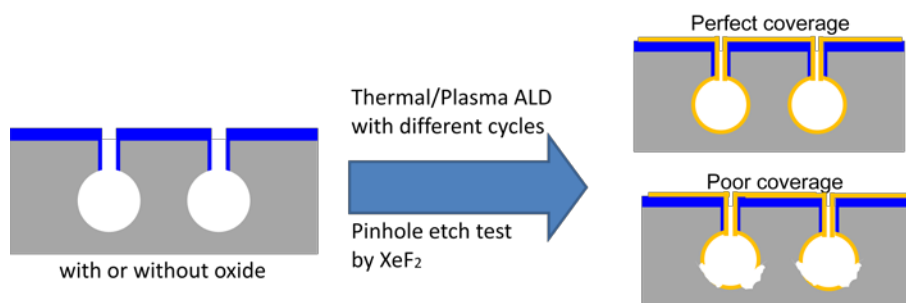


Figure 2: Pinhole etch test as a verification method for the ALD films

When we designed the photomask, we made hole arrays with each row offsetted in such a way that a straight cleaved line pass through at least one hole at its center. However, when we cleaved some small sample pieces, the cleave planes did not go straight, resulting in partial structure exposure in crosssection images. In this case, we combined different parts from different crosssection locations to evaluate the film coverage.

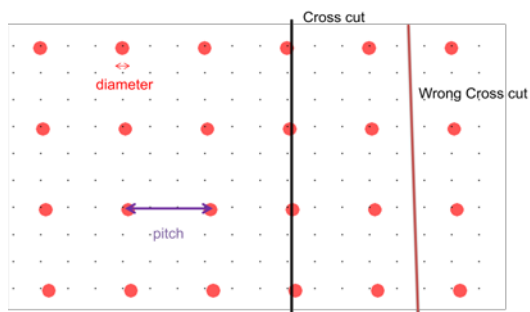


Figure 3: An example of a hole array and cleave planes

Results

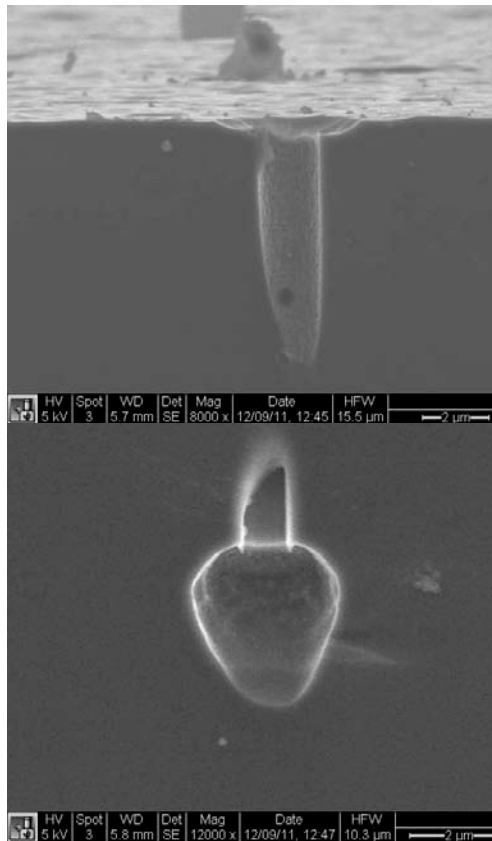
We did pinhole etching test to analyze the coverage of ALD Al_2O_3 , TiN and Pt films. All the test results shown below went through 10cycles XeF_2 etch (30seconds/cycle) in Xactix after ALD deposition.

1 Reference Structure

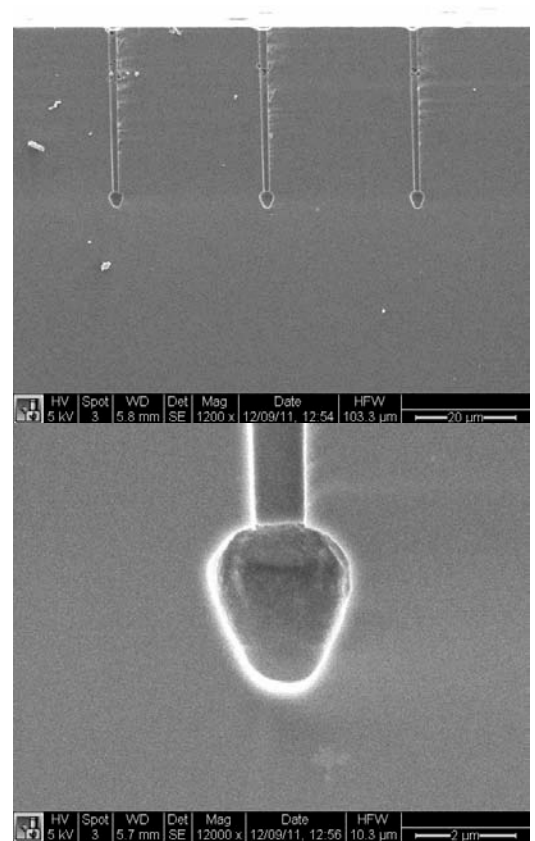
1.1 $D = 1\mu\text{m}$

Test structures before XeF_2 etch

With SiO_2 on the sidewall



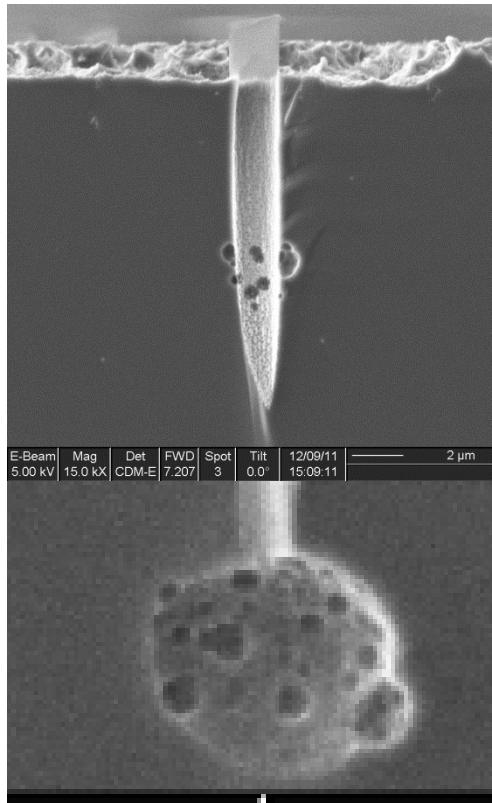
Without SiO_2



Sphere-like undercut structures were made as intended.

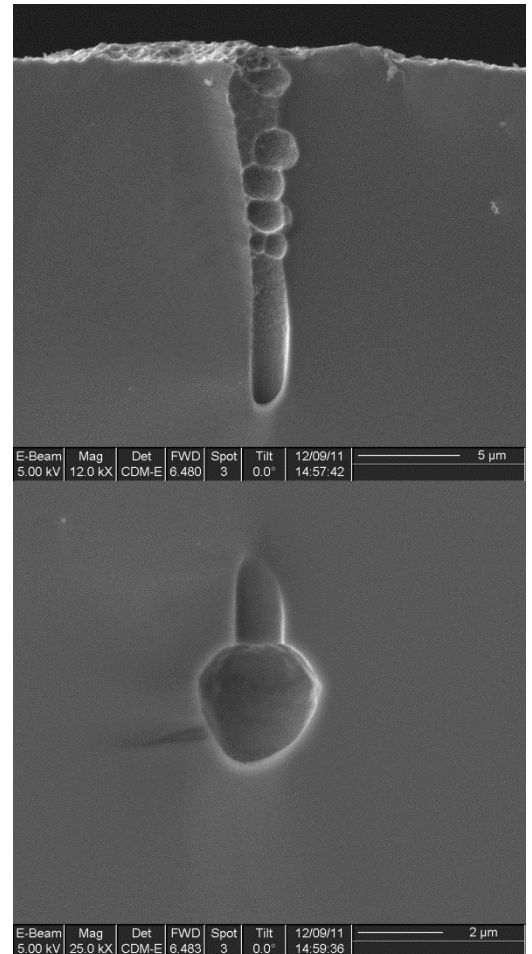
Test structures after XeF₂ etch

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Sidewall remains the same as before XeF₂ etch, because XeF₂ barely attacks the SiO₂. Some traces of attack were caused by SF₆, not by XeF₂. On the surface of undercut structures, XeF₂ attacks and many pinholes were made.

Without SiO₂

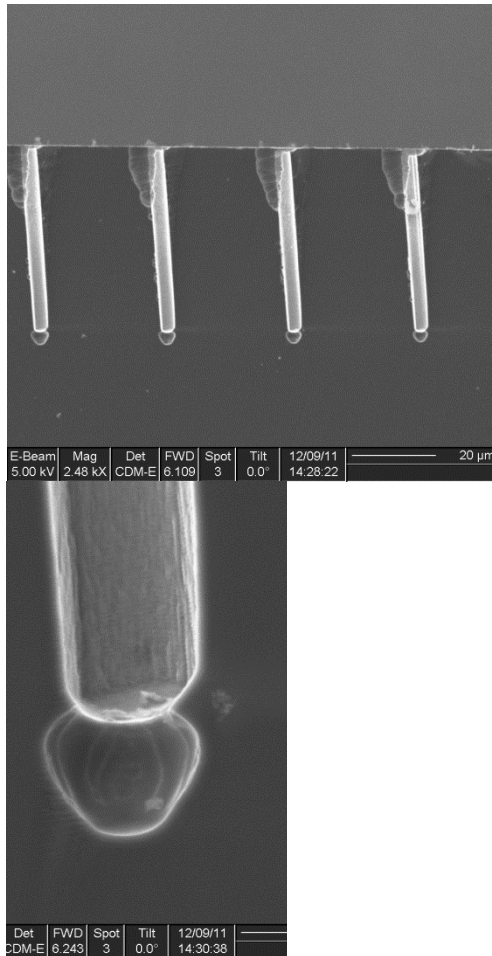


Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall heavily. Sidewall was largely deformed by the attack. Undercut structure remains the same, because most of XeF₂ gas reacts and consumed with the sidewall. Therefore, this picture cannot be used as a valid reference.

1.2 D = 3um

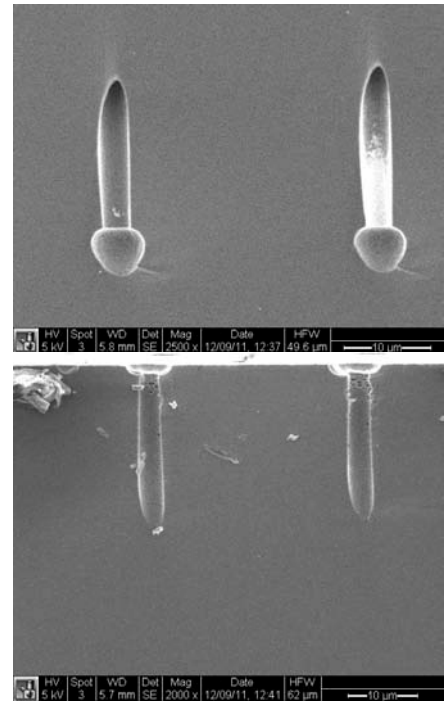
Test structures before XeF₂ etch

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Holes were tilted from the normal direction by the malfunction of stsetch2. However, it works fine as a reference.

Without SiO₂

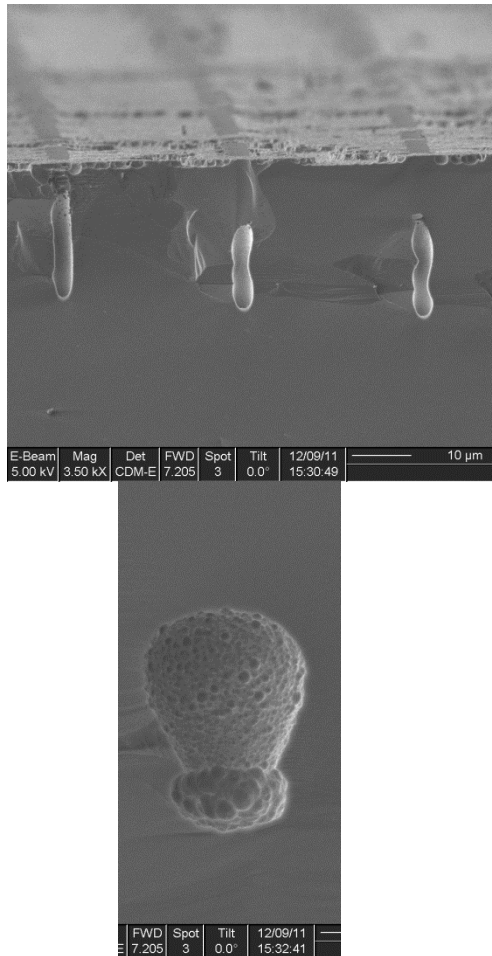


Near the bottom, thermal SiO₂ was not removed completely. BOE could not reach the bottom of the structure for some holes.

For 3um holes, Sphere-like undercut structures were made well.

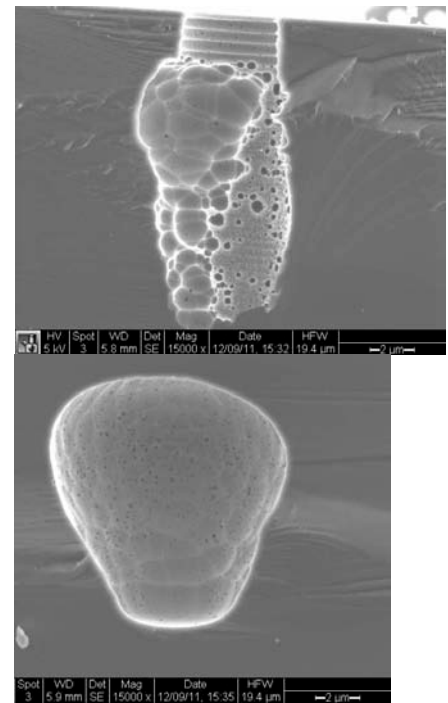
Test structures after XeF_2 etch

With SiO_2 on the sidewall



From pictures, it can be found that sidewall remains the same but undercut structures were etched much by XeF_2 . Overall shape changed a lot and many pinholes were formed.

Without SiO_2

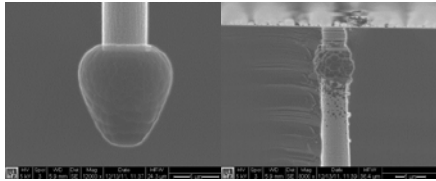
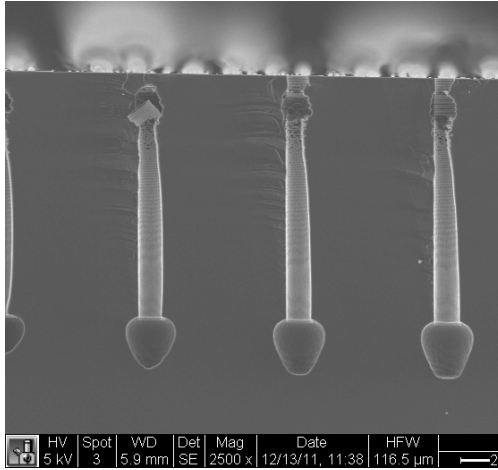


Without SiO_2 on the sidewall, XeF_2 attacks sidewall heavily. Sidewall was largely deformed by the attack. Although there are some tiny pinholes spread on the surface, the overall shape of undercut structure remains the same, because most of XeF_2 gas reacts and consumed with the sidewall. Therefore, this picture cannot be used as a valid reference.

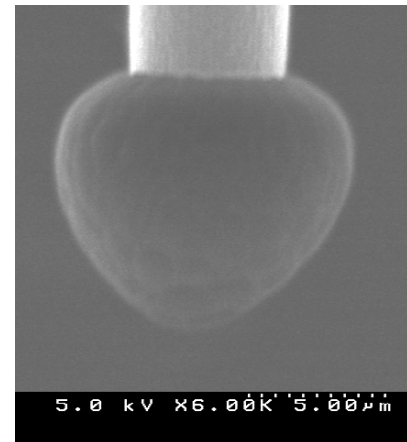
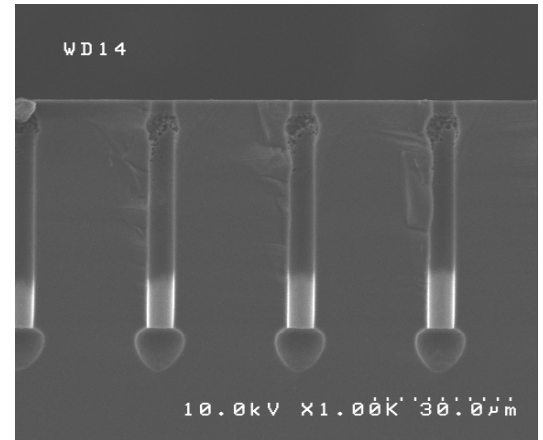
1.3 D = 5um

Test structures before XeF₂ etch

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Without SiO₂

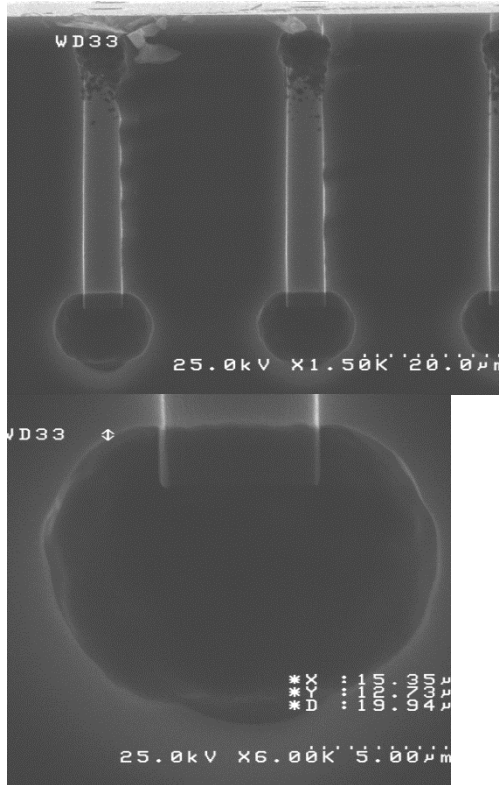


Near the bottom, thermal SiO₂ was not removed completely. BOE could not reach the bottom of the structure for some holes.

For 5um holes, Sphere-like undercut structures were made well. Near the surface, sidewalls were heavily attacked by SF₆ gas during the isotropic etch step.

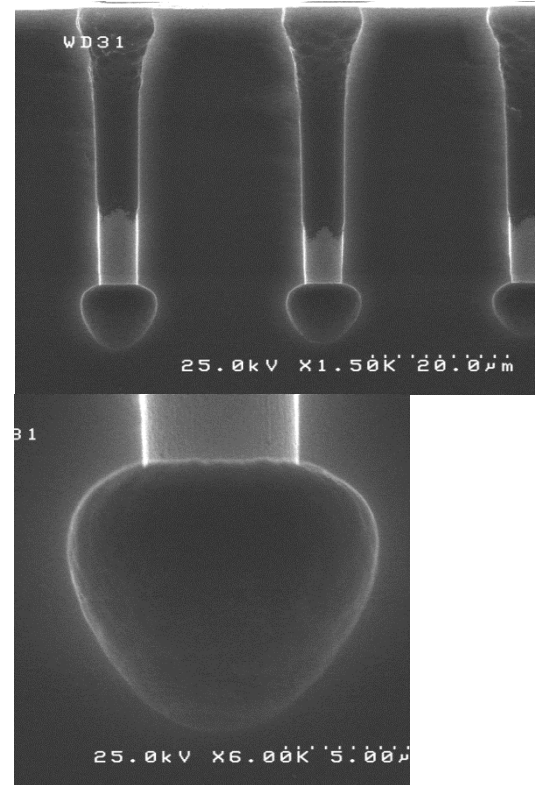
Test structures after XeF₂ etch

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



From pictures, it can be found that sidewall remains the same but undercut structures were etched much by XeF₂. Overall shape changed a lot and many pinholes were formed.

Without SiO₂



Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall heavily. Sidewall was widened from the top and was tapered along the vertical direction. The undercut structure remains the same, because most of XeF₂ gas reacts and consumed with the sidewall. Therefore, this picture cannot be used as a valid reference.

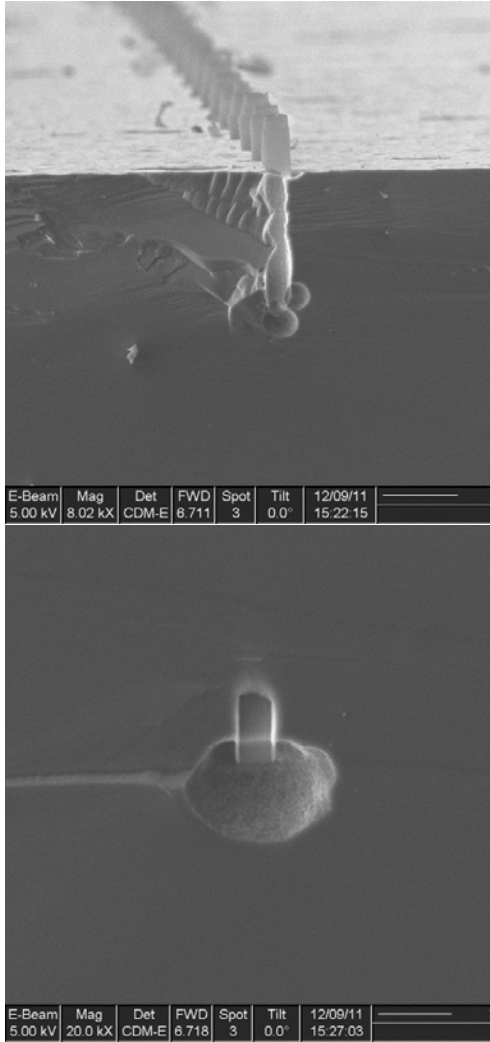
2 Al₂O₃

2.1 D = 1 μm

2.1.1 20cycles

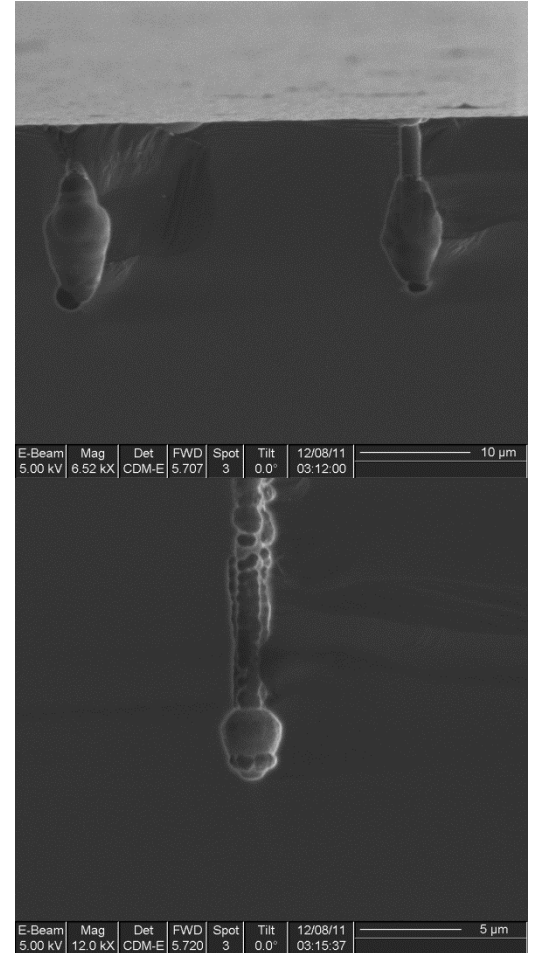
Plasma ALD

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure became much larger compared to the XeF₂ etched reference.

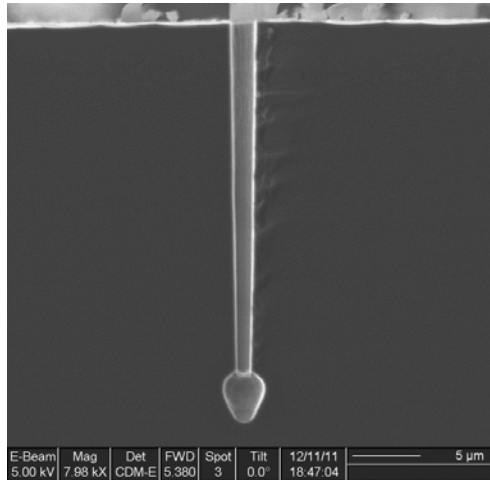
Without SiO₂



Sidewalls were attacked much by XeF₂ and became much bigger. Undercut structure was attacked as well, and deformation was observed.

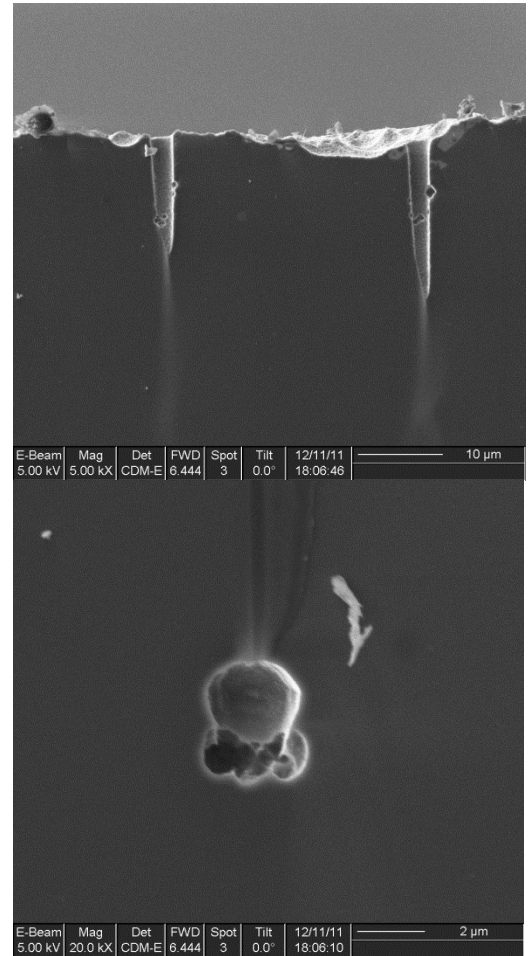
Thermal ALD

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Undercut structure was completely protected from XeF₂ etch. Al₂O₃ film conformally coated the undercut structure nicely.

Without SiO₂

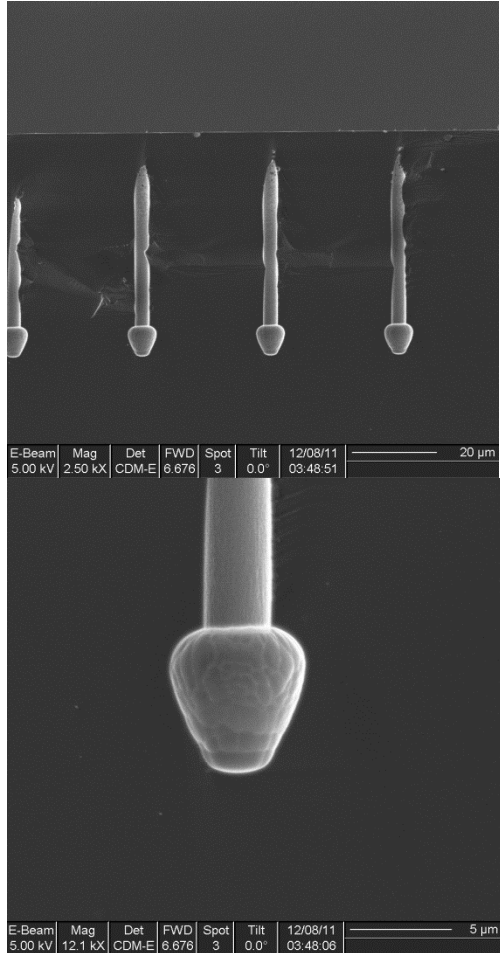


Sidewalls were protected fairly well with ALD, but the undercut structure was etched much by XeF₂.

2.1.2 100cycles

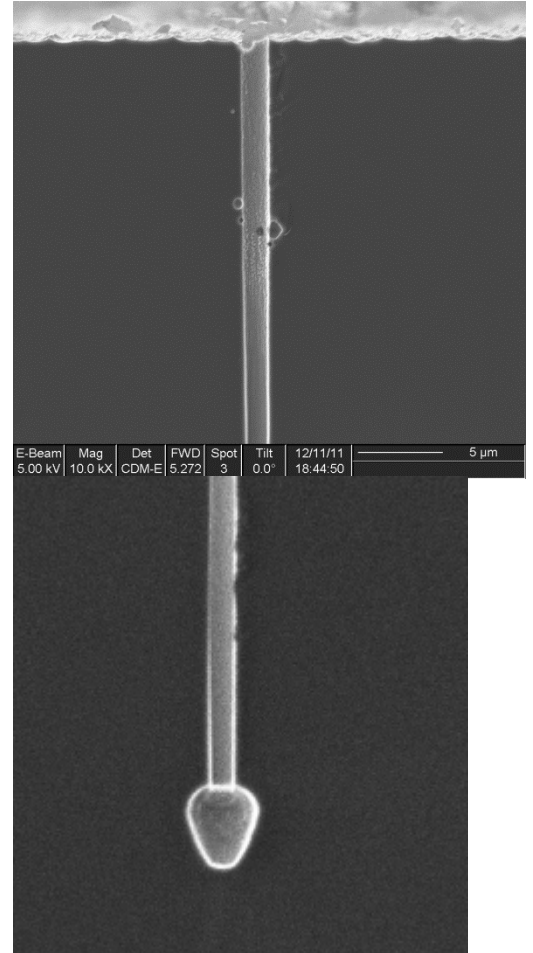
Plasma ALD

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂

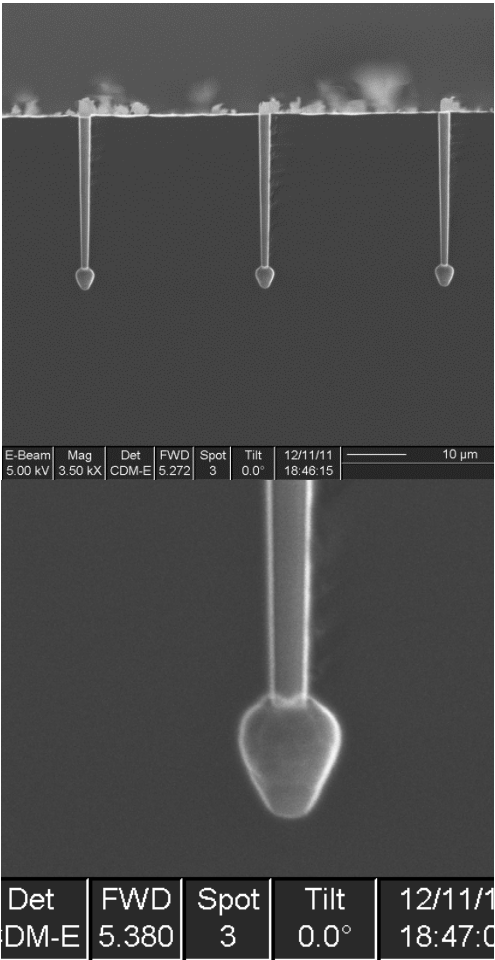


Undercut structure was protected well and there is no sign of attack.

For both test samples, Al₂O₃ ALD film coated the undercut successfully and prevented it from being etched by XeF₂.

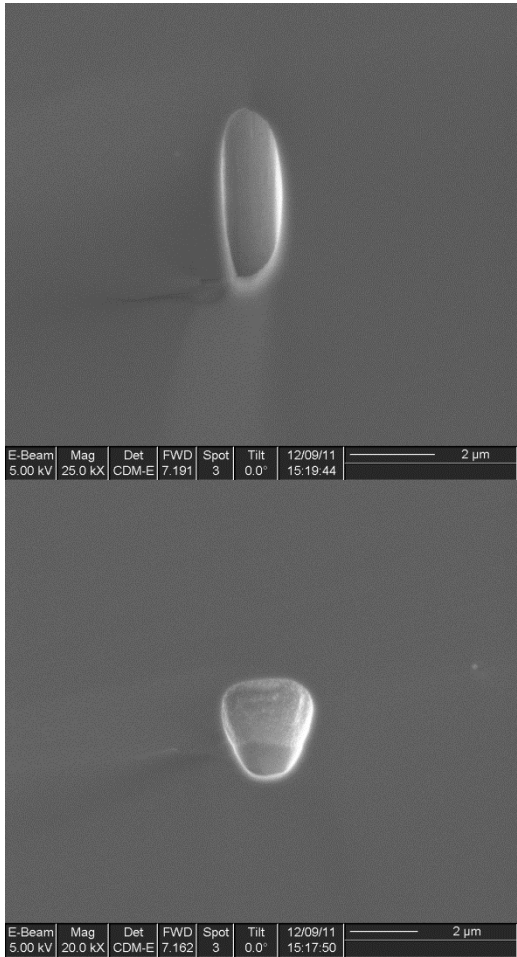
Thermal ALD

With SiO₂ on the sidewall



Undercut structure was protected nicely. Al₂O₃ film successfully coated the undercut.

Without SiO₂

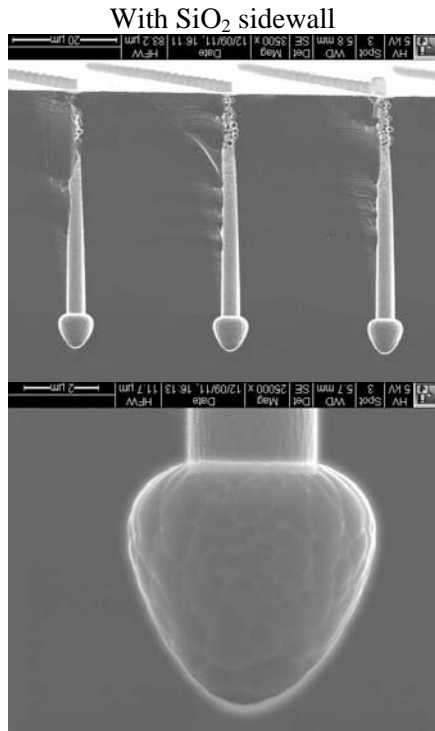


Sidewalls were protected very well with Al₂O₃ film, and the undercut structure was coated well too.

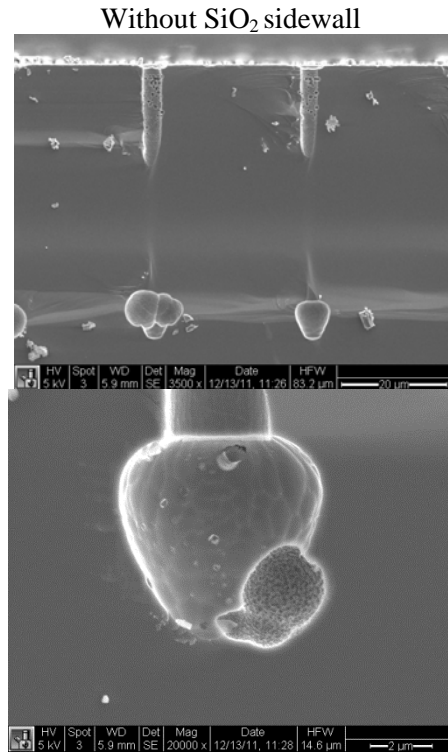
2.2 D = 3um

2.2.1 20 cycles

Plasma ALD

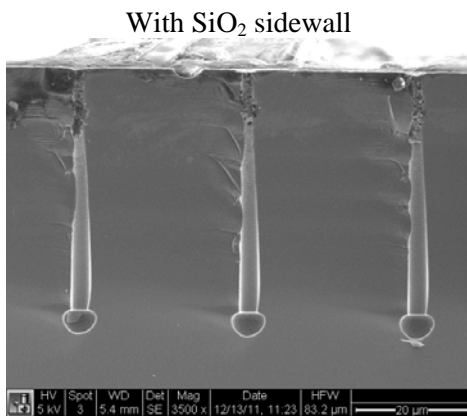


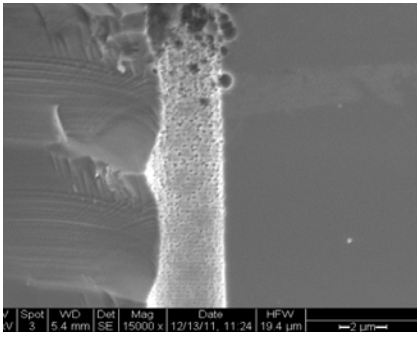
Undercut structure remained same as the non-etched reference



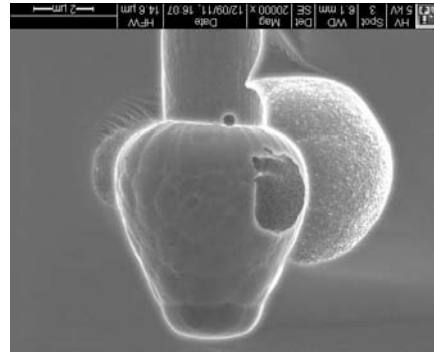
Although sidewalls were well protected, the undercut structure were damaged by XeF₂

Thermal ALD





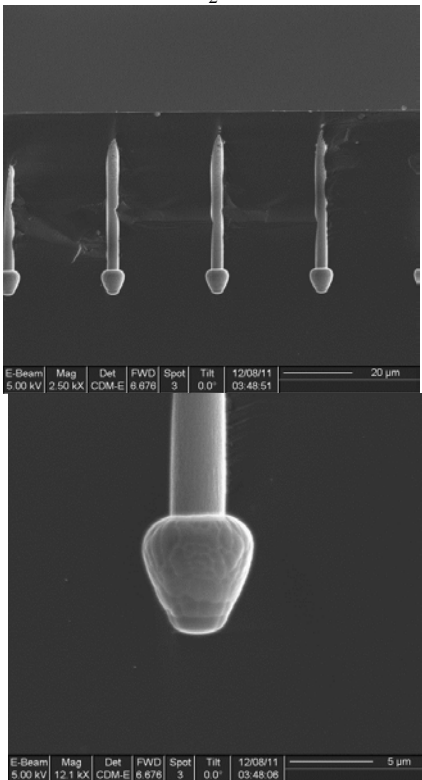
Undercut structure remained same and protected well



Although sidewalls were well protected, the undercut structure were damaged by XeF_2

2.2.2 100 cycles

With SiO_2 sidewall



Undercut structures remained intact

Plasma ALD

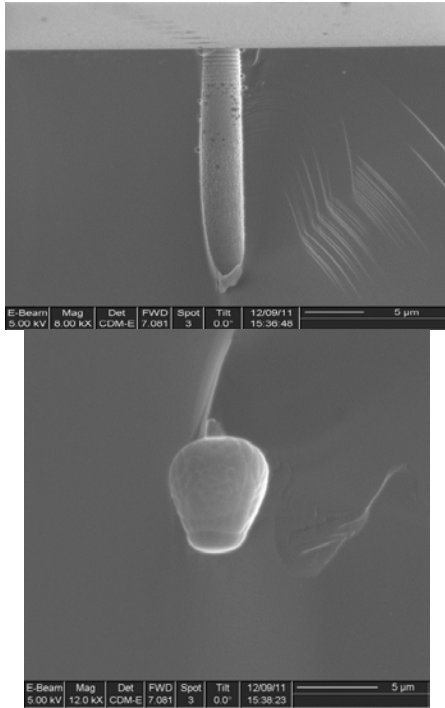
Without SiO_2 sidewall



Both sidewalls and undercuts showed no sign of XeF_2 attack

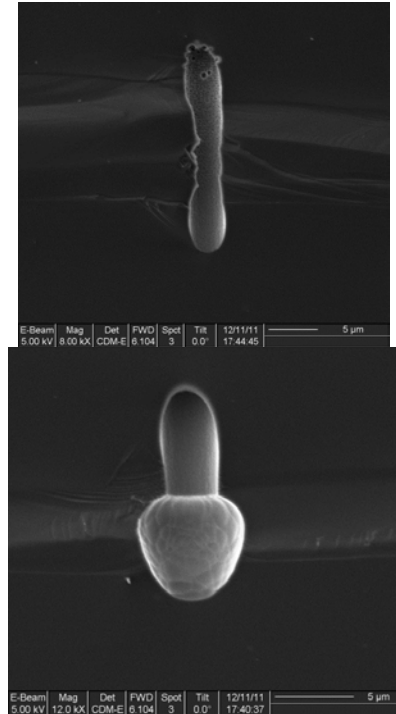
Thermal ALD

With SiO₂ sidewall



Undercut structures remained intact

Without SiO₂ sidewall

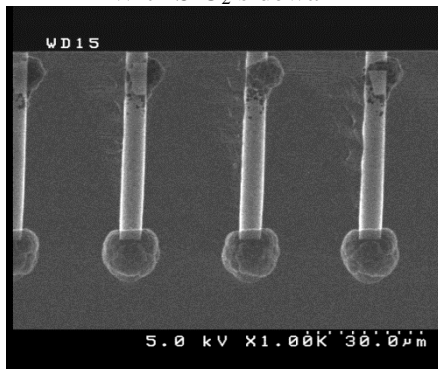


Both sidewalls and undercuts were coated well

2.3 D = 5 μm

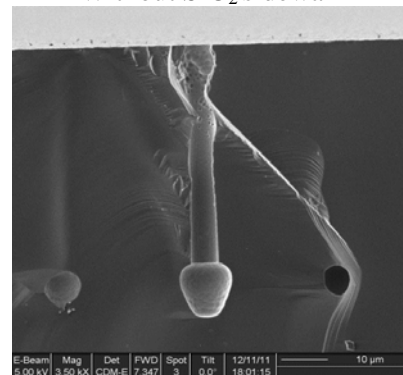
2.3.1 20 cycles

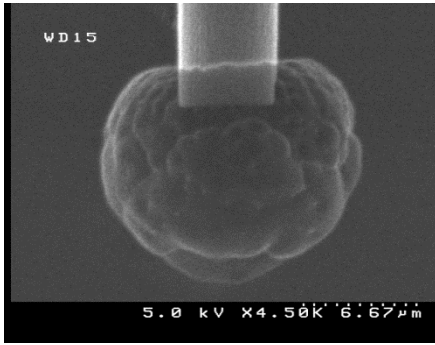
With SiO₂ sidewall



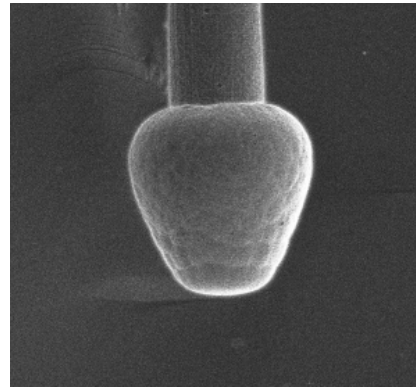
Plasma ALD

Without SiO₂ sidewall





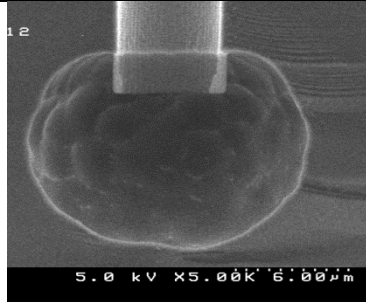
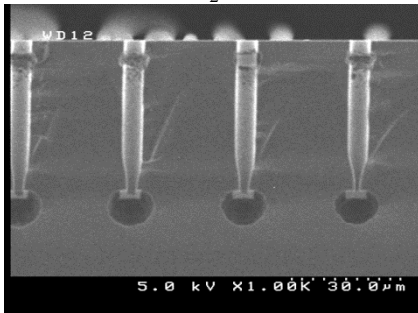
Undercut structure became much larger compared to the XeF_2 etched reference. This sample is suspicious and will be discussed later



Whole structures are well protected

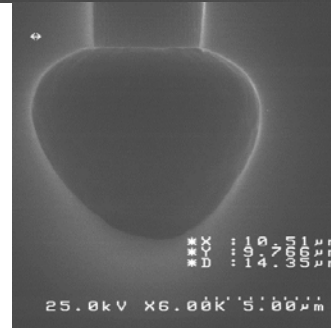
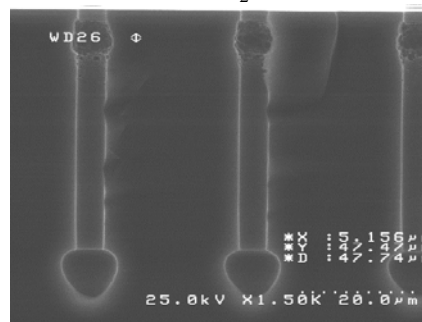
Thermal ALD

With SiO_2 sidewall



Undercut structure became much larger compared to the XeF_2 etched reference. This sample is also suspicious and will be discussed later.

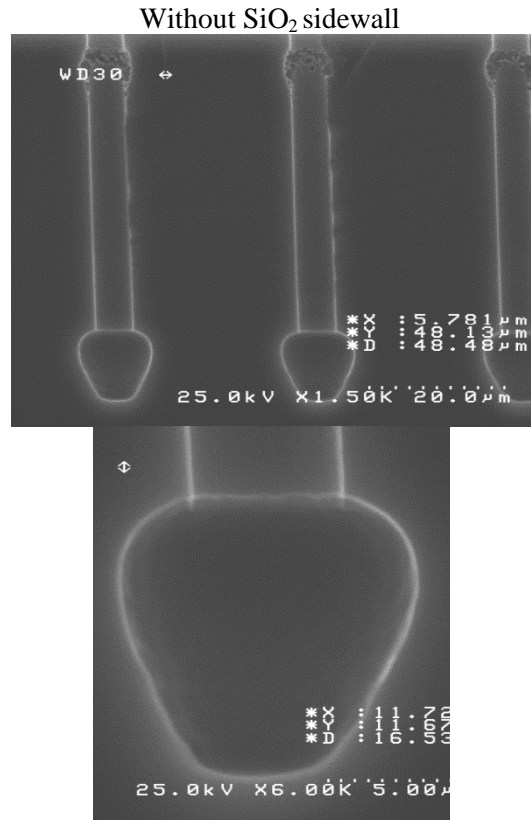
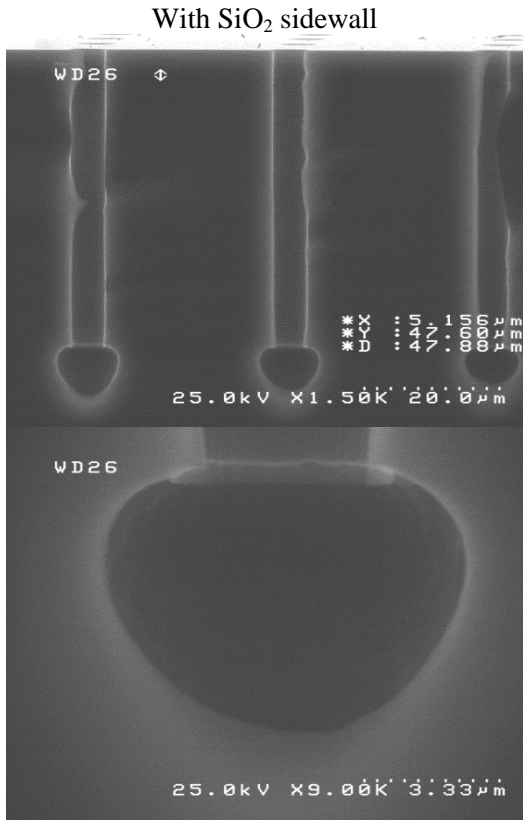
Without SiO_2 sidewall



Whole structures are well protected

2.3.2 100 cycles

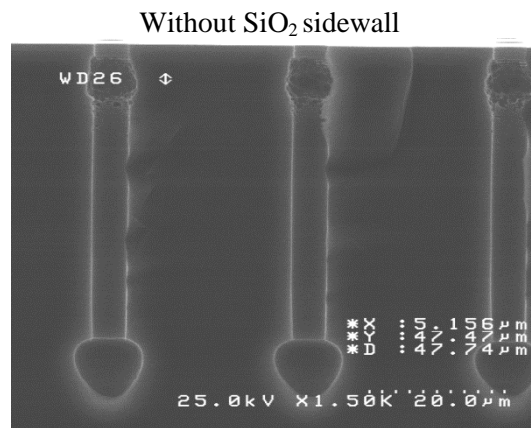
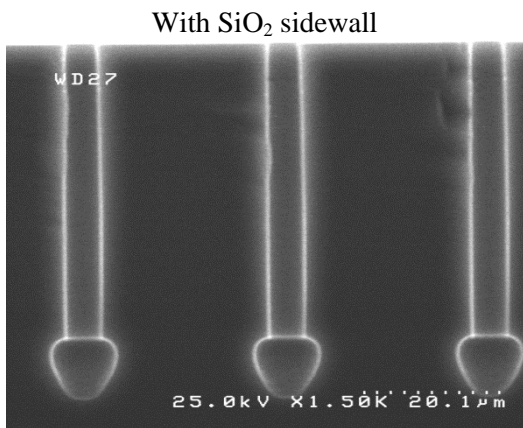
Plasma ALD

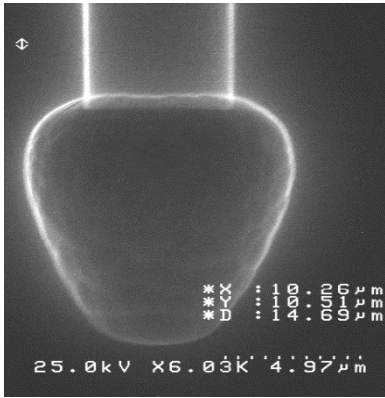


Undercut structure is preserved without any sign of XeF₂ attack

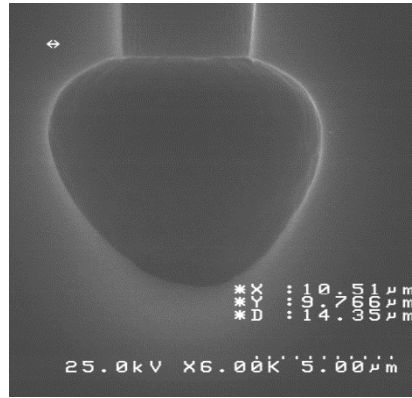
Whole structures are perfectly covered with Al₂O₃

Thermal ALD





Undercut structure is preserved well.



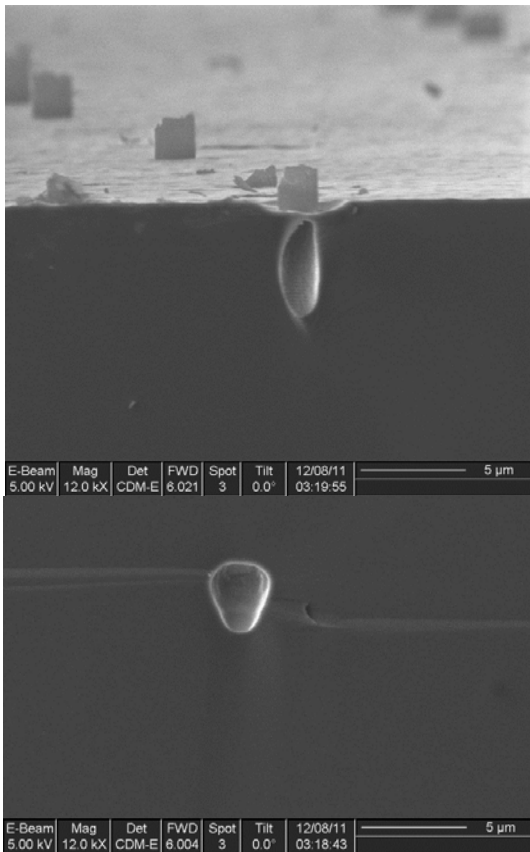
Whole structures are perfectly covered with Al_2O_3

3 Savannah Al_2O_3

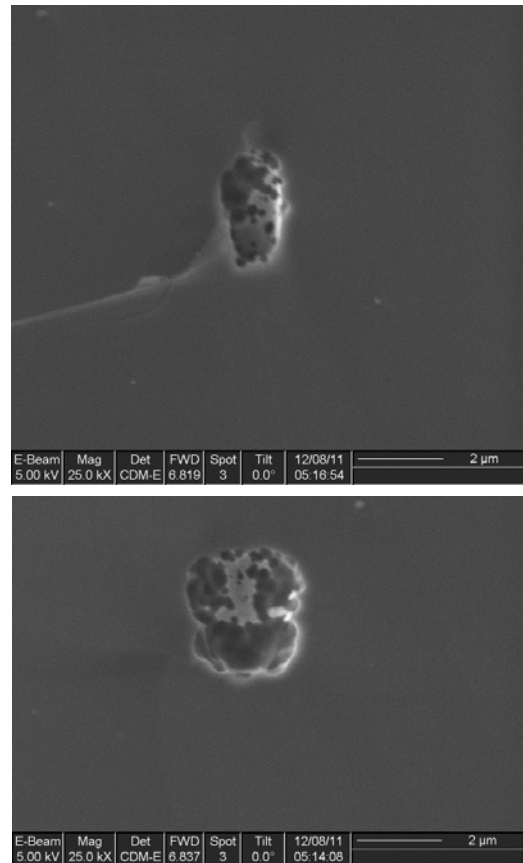
3.1 $D = 1\mu m$

3.1.1 20 cycles

With SiO_2 sidewall



Without SiO_2 sidewall

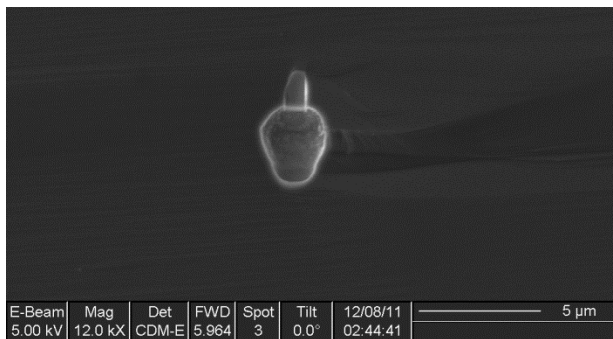
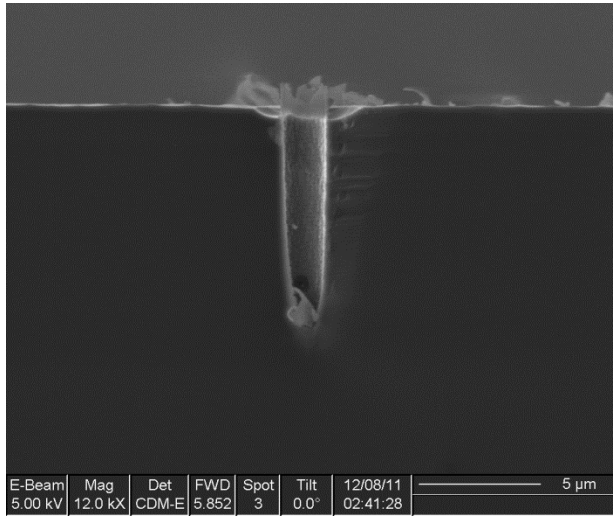


Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall heavily. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed heavily.

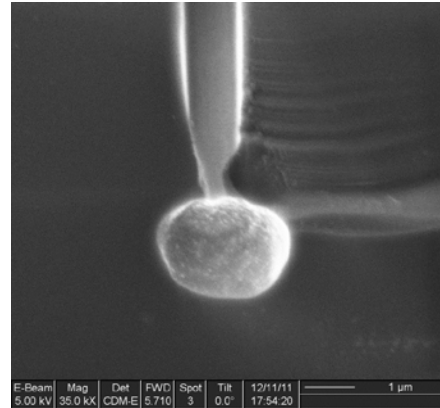
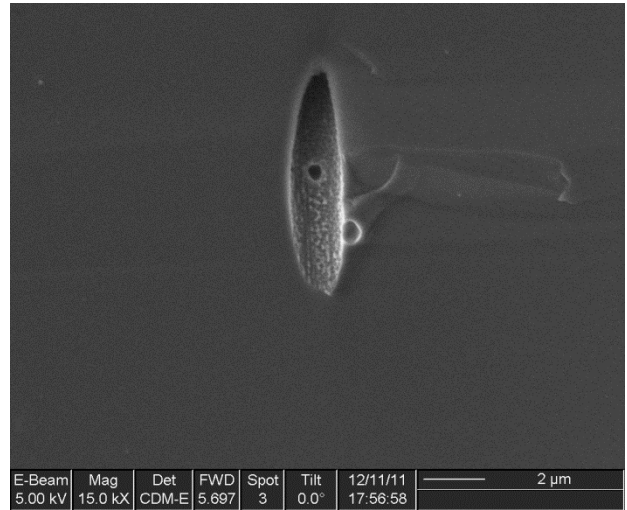
3.1.2 100 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂ sidewall

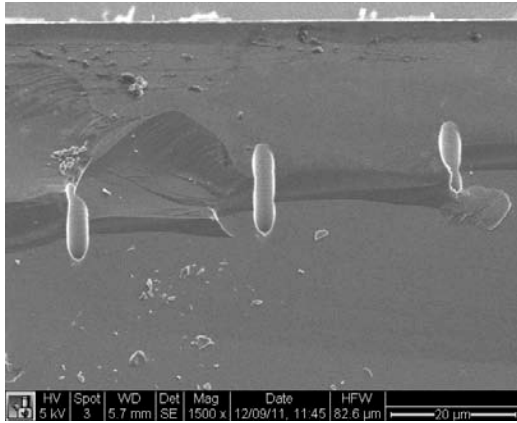


Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall and creates cavity as an evidence of pinhole. Undercut structure remained same and protected by Al₂O₃ film.

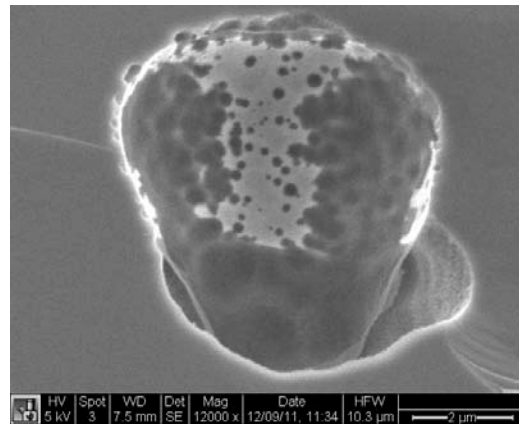
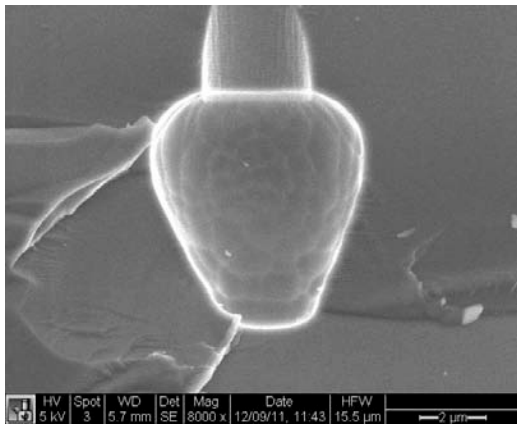
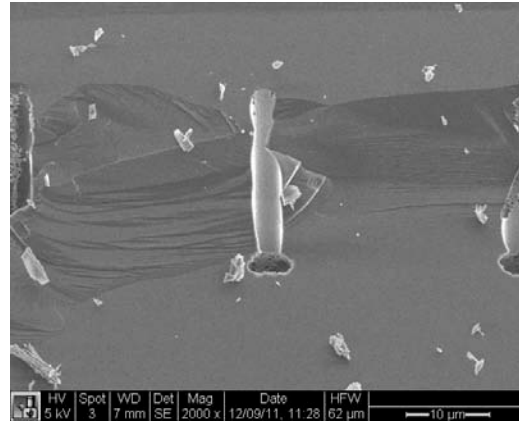
3.2 D = 3um

3.2.1 20 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Without SiO₂ sidewall

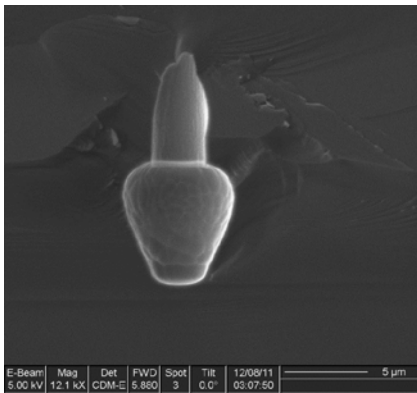
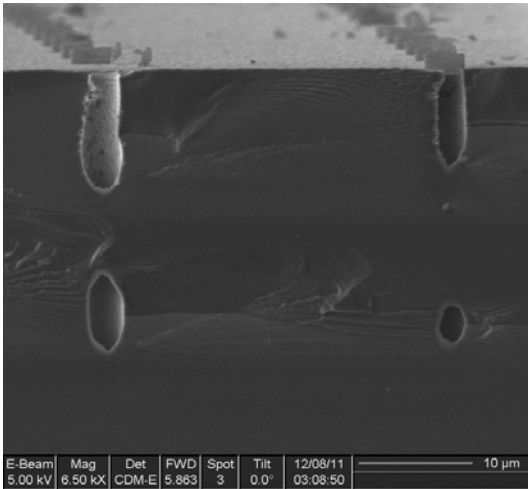


Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, Al₂O₃ film protected sidewall from XeF₂ attacks implying no pinhole. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed heavily.

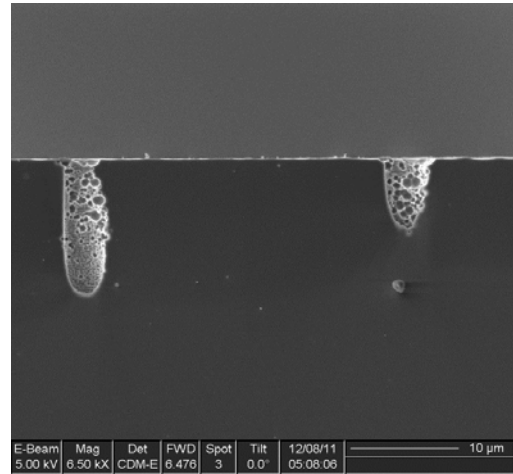
3.2.2 100 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂ sidewall

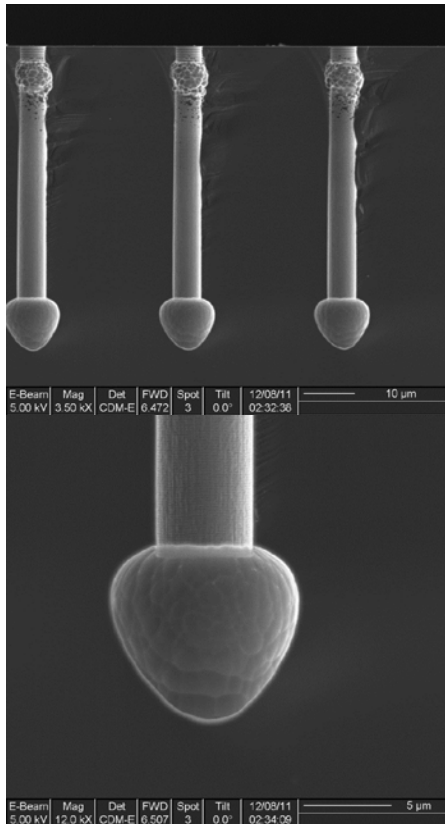


Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, Al₂O₃ film protected sidewall fairly from XeF₂ attacks but there could be some pinholes since Undercut structure remained same and protected by Al₂O₃ film.

3.3 D = 5um

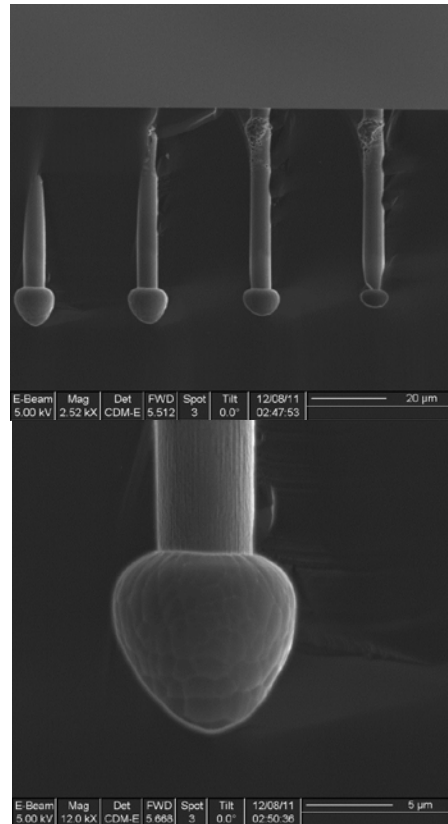
3.3.1 20 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure

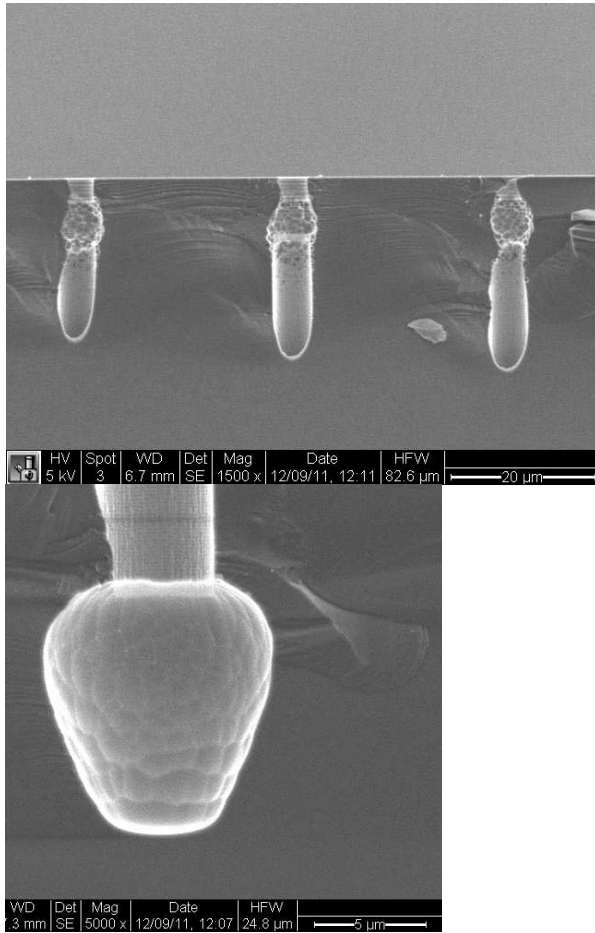
Without SiO₂ sidewall



There is no XeF₂ attack observed over the entire structure

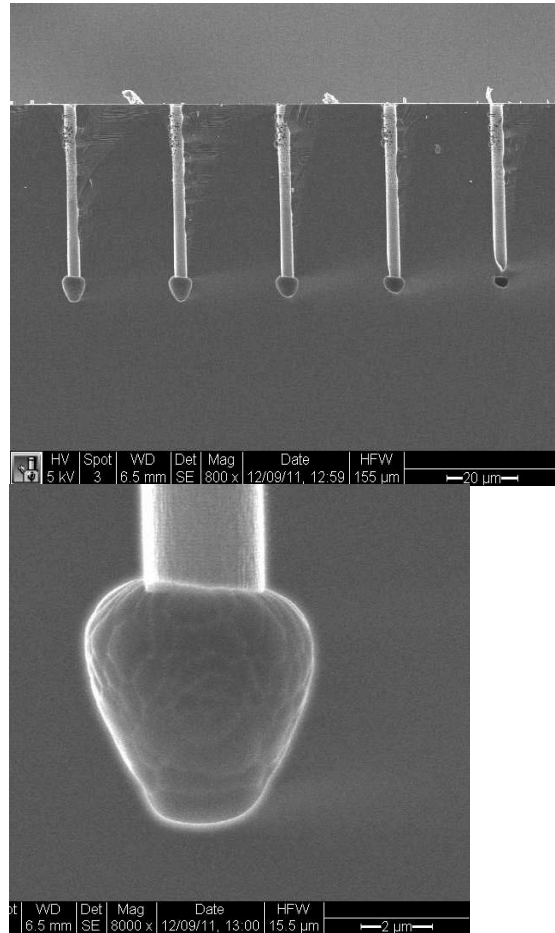
3.3.2 100 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure

Without SiO₂ sidewall



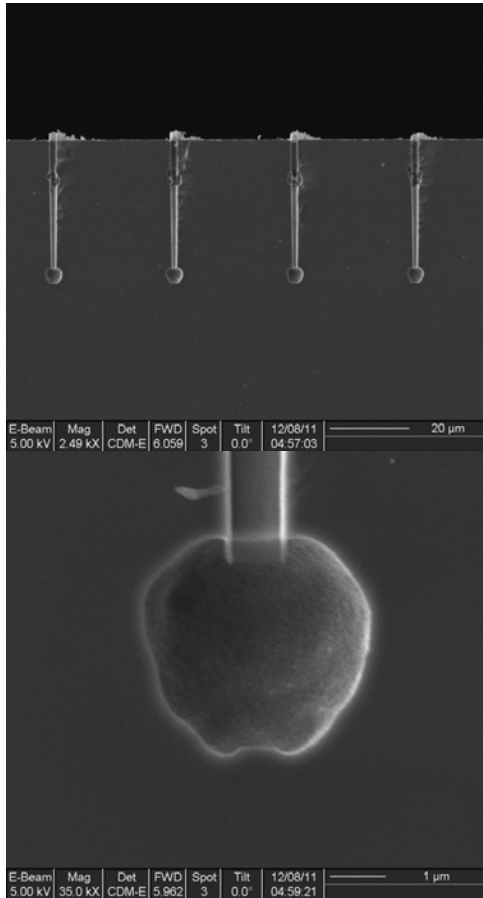
There is no XeF₂ attack observed over the entire structure

4 TiN

4.1 D = 1um

4.1.1 100cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂.

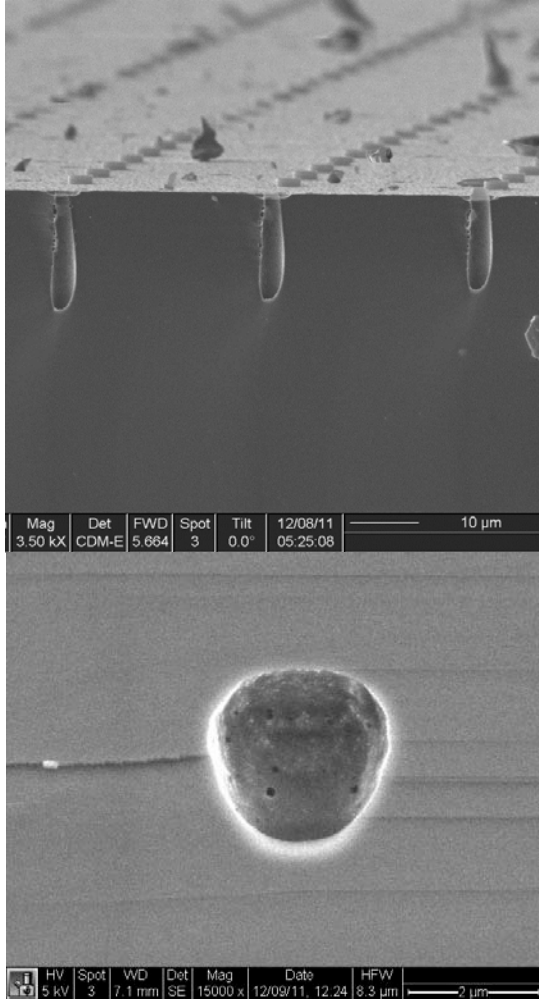
Without SiO₂ sidewall



Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall heavily. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed severely.

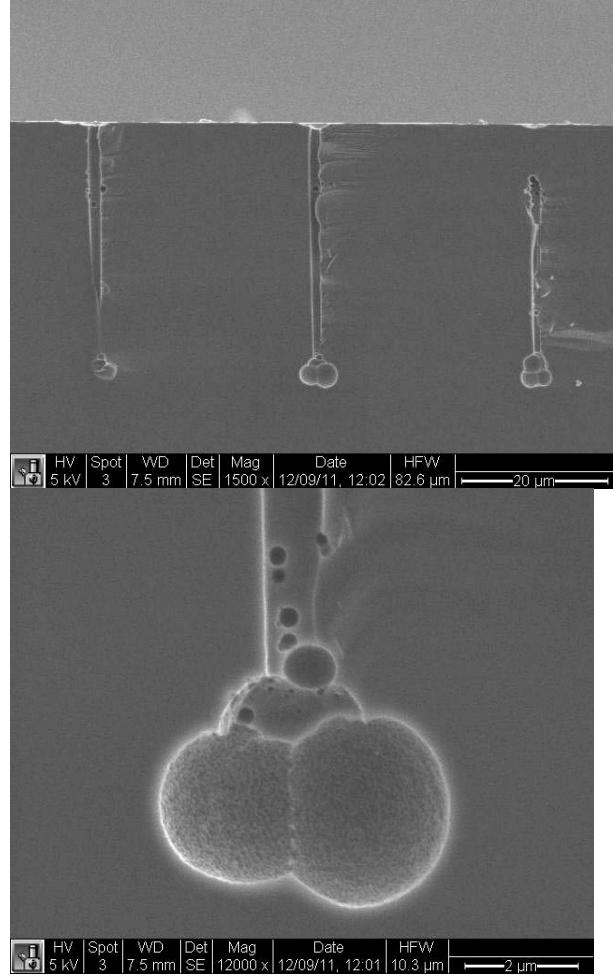
4.1.2 400cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure got some pinholes after XeF₂ attack implying good coverage of TiN film.

Without SiO₂ sidewall

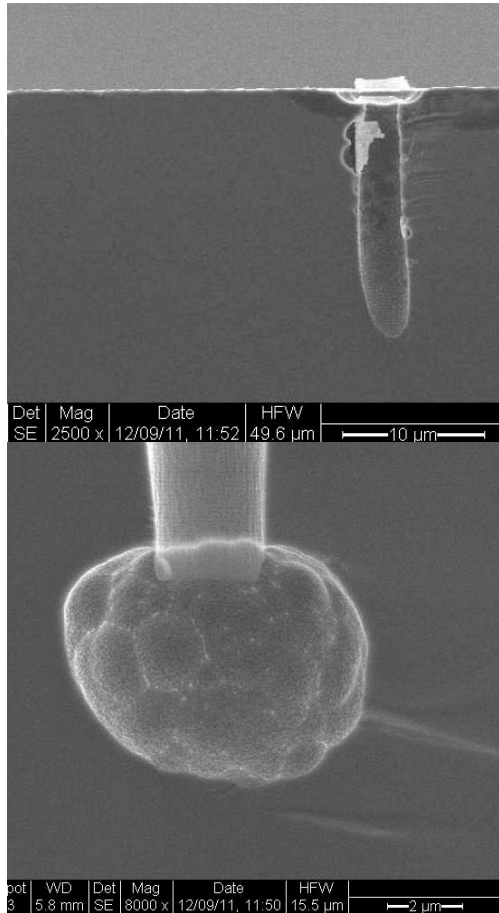


Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall and creates cavity through pinhole of ALD layer. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed severely.

4.2 D = 3um

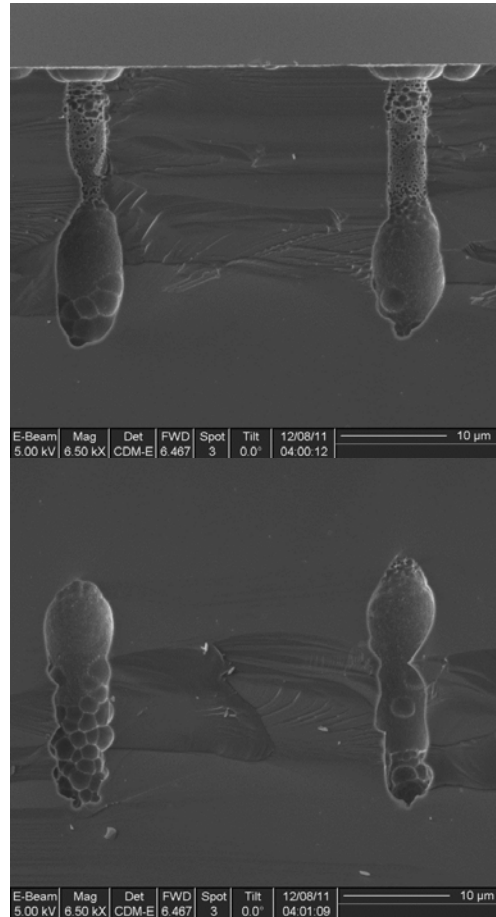
4.2.1 100 cycles

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure got exploded by XeF₂ attack through pinhole.

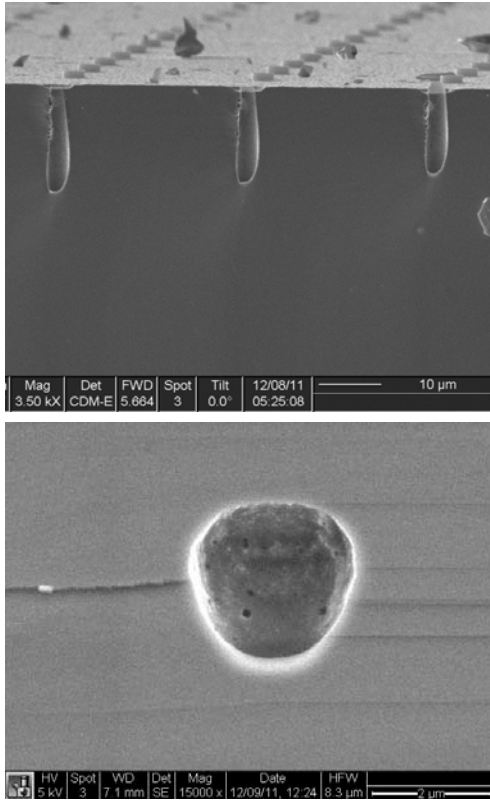
Without SiO₂ sidewall



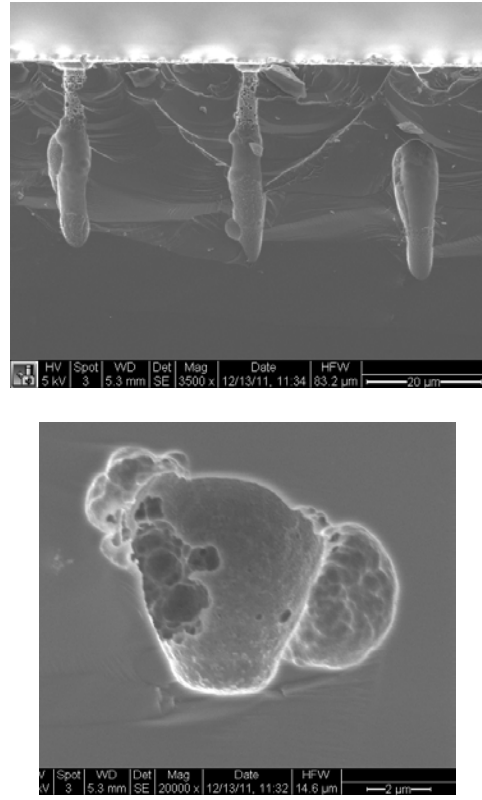
Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall and deformed sidewall. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed severely.

4.2.2 TiN 400 cycles (D = 3um)

With SiO₂ sidewall



Without SiO₂ sidewall



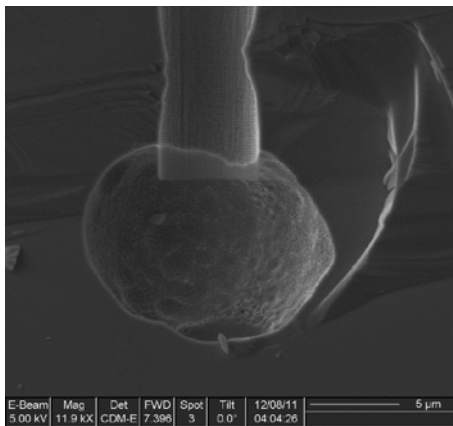
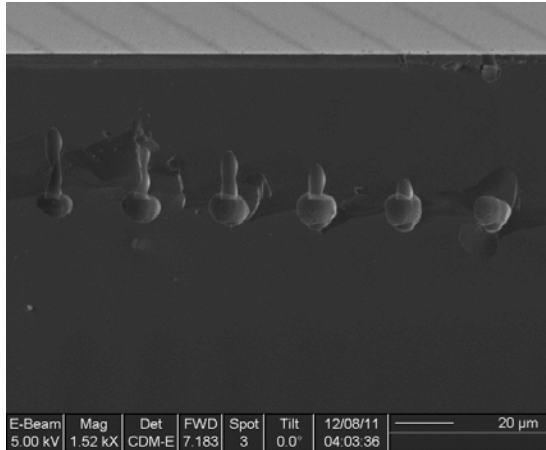
Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure got some pinholes after XeF₂ attack implying good coverage of TiN film.

Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall and deformed sidewall. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed severely.

4.3 D = 5um

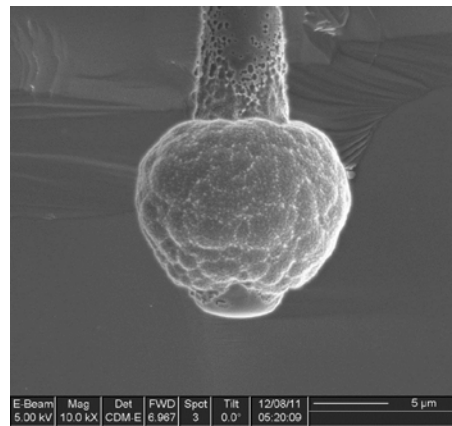
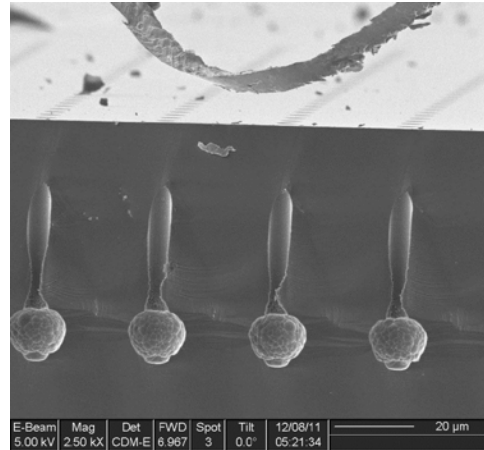
4.3.1 TiN 100 cycles (D = 5um)

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure got exploded by XeF₂ attack through pinhole.

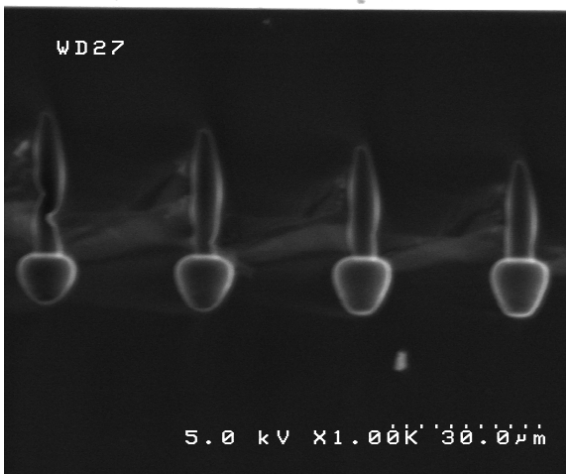
Without SiO₂ sidewall



Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, Al₂O₃ film protected sidewall from XeF₂ attacks implying no pinhole. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed heavily.

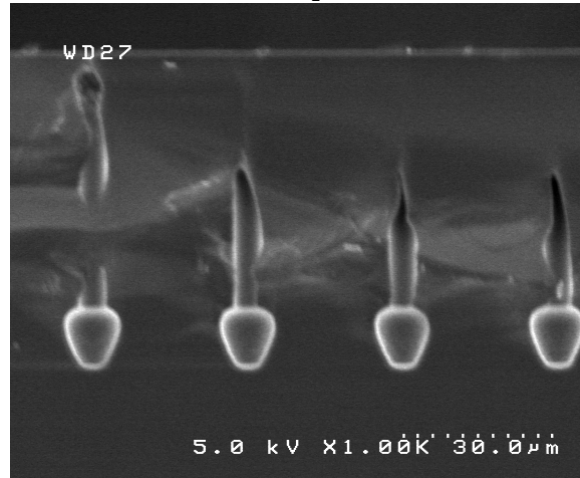
4.3.2 TiN 400 cycles (5um)

With SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. Undercut structure was protected completely by ALD coating. There is no pinhole at all for the entire structure.

Without SiO₂ sidewall

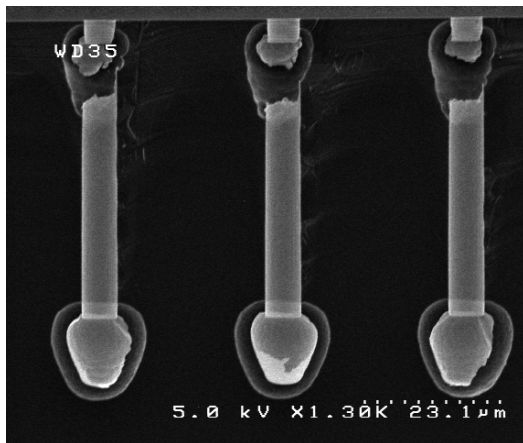


Undercut structure was protected well and there is no sign of attack. For both test samples, TiN ALD film coated the undercut successfully and prevented it from being etched by XeF₂.

5 Pt

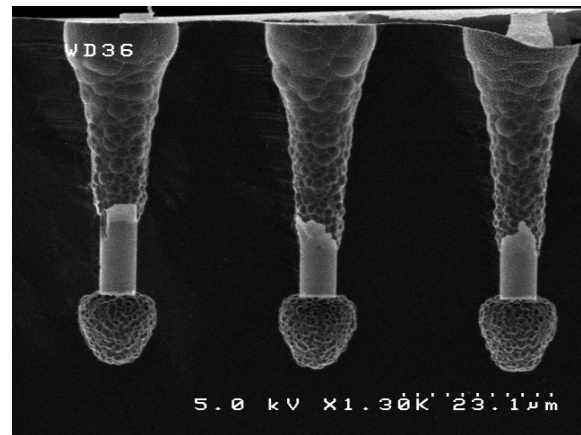
Plasma Platinum was deposited by 300cycles on the substrate having 5um hole with or without SiO₂ sidewall

D = 5um with SiO₂ sidewall



Since sidewall was protected by the combination of SiO₂ and TiN film, sidewall protection by ALD cannot be judged. The undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ but interestingly the original shape of the structure remained.

D = 5um without SiO₂ sidewall



Without SiO₂ on the sidewall, XeF₂ attacks sidewall and deformed sidewall. Sidewall was deformed by the attack. Undercut structure was attacked by XeF₂ and deformed severely.

Discussion and Summary

We graded the ALD film coverage performance (Good/Fair/Poor) based on number and size of pinholes and overall shape change, and summarized the above SEM results in Table2-5 according to this rule.

| Structure (w/ Oxide) | 20 cycles | | 100 cycles | |
|----------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Plasma | Thermal | Plasma | Thermal |
| Undercut | 1um: Poor 3um : Good 5um : Poor | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Poor | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um: Good |

| Structure (wo/ Oxide) | 20 cycles | | 100 cycles | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Plasma | Thermal | Plasma | Thermal |
| Sidewall | 1um: Poor 3um: Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um : Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good |
| Undercut | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Good | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good |

Table 2: Fiji Al₂O₃ summary table

| Structure (w/ Oxide) | 20 cycles Thermal | 100 cycles Thermal |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Undercut | 1um: Good 3um : Good 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Good 5um : Good |

| Structure (wo/ Oxide) | 20 cycles Thermal | 100 cycles Thermal |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Sidewall | 1um: Poor 3um: Fair 5um : Good | 1um: Fair 3um: Fair 5um : Good |
| Undercut | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Good | 1um: Fair 3um: Good 5um : Good |

Table 3: Savannah Al₂O₃ summary table

| Structure (w/ Oxide) | 100 cycles Thermal | 400 cycles Thermal |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Undercut | 1um: Poor 3um : Poor 5um : Poor | 1um: Fair 3um: Good 5um : Good |

| Structure (wo/ Oxide) | 100 cycles Thermal | 400 cycles Thermal |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Sidewall | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Good | 1um: Good 3um: Poor 5um : Good |
| Undercut | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Poor | 1um: Poor 3um: Poor 5um : Good |

Table 4: Plasma TiN summary table

| Structure (w/ Oxide) | 300 cycles Thermal |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| Undercut | 5um : Poor |

| Structure (wo/ Oxide) | 300 cycles Thermal |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Sidewall | 5um : Poor |
| Undercut | 5um : Poor |

Table 5: Plasma Pt summary table

The key points we have found out are:

- Performance of thermal Al₂O₃ coating was similar between Savannah and Fiji
- Conformal coating tends to get better with larger entrance
- Sidewall structures can always be coated better than undercut structures
- More cycles always enhances the film coverage over structures with tens of microns deep sidewall and undercut
 - 100 cycles of Plasma/Thermal Al₂O₃ ALD
 - 400 cycles of TiN Plasma ALD if hole diameter is larger than 5um
- The SiO₂ sidewall helps the coating of undercut structure
- D=5um, 20 cycles of Plasma/Thermal Al₂O₃ ALD do not match exactly the tendency above
 - Data shows somehow confusing results
 - More experiments required for clearer result

Acknowledgements

We appreciate J Provine's kind advice and help throughout the course. We also would like to thank Dr. Mary Tang, Professor Roger Howe, and Professor Olav Solgaard for their guidance and discussion.